Name

The statement represents a claim. Write its complement and state which is  $H_0$  and which is  $H_a$ . Identify which one is the claim.

1.  $p \neq 0.18$  2.  $\mu \ge 32$ 

The alternative hypothesis is given with its graph. State the null hypothesis and sketch its graph.

3.  $H_a: \mu > 2.5$ 

Write the null and alternative hypotheses for each statement. Identify which one is the claim. State whether you do a left-tailed, right-tailed, or two-tailed test for the hypothesis test.

- 4. The mean age of teachers when they retire in the state of California is at most 60 years.
- 5. Using the statement in problem #4, identify, in context, the type I and type II errors for the hypothesis test of this claim.

- 6. The mean age of teachers when they retire in the state of California is at most 60 years. If a hypothesis test is performed, how should you interpret a decision that fails to reject the null hypothesis?
  - a) There is not sufficient evidence to reject the claim  $\mu \le 60$ .
  - b) There is sufficient evidence to reject the claim  $\mu \le 60$ .
  - c) There is sufficient evidence to support the claim  $\mu \leq 60$ .
  - d) There is not sufficient evidence to support the claim  $\mu \leq 60$ .
- 7. Given  $H_0: \mu \leq 345$ , for which confidence interval should you reject  $H_0$ ?
  - a) (340, 360)
  - b) (342, 358)
  - c) (350, 360)
- 8. The P-value for a hypothesis test is P = 0.0092. Do you reject or fail to reject H<sub>0</sub> when the level of significance is  $\alpha = 0.01$ ?

Find the P-value for the hypothesis test with the standardized test statistic z. Decide whether to reject  $H_0$  for the level of significance  $\alpha$ .

9. Right-tailed test, z = 1.12,  $\alpha = 0.10$  10. Two-tailed test, z = 2.57,  $\alpha = 0.01$ 

Find the critical value(s) and rejection region(s) for the type of z-test with level of significance  $\alpha$ .

11. Two-tailed test,  $\alpha = 0.05$ 

12. Left-tailed test,  $\alpha = 0.03$ 

13. A consumer group claims that the mean acceleration time from 0 to 60 miles per hour for a sedan is 6.3 seconds. A random sample of 33 sedans has a mean acceleration time from 0 to 60 miles per hour of 7.2 seconds. Assume the population standard deviation is 2.5 seconds. If  $\alpha = 0.05$ , test the consumer group's claim. Use a P-value.

14. A fast food restaurant estimates that the mean sodium content in one of its breakfast sandwiches is no more than 920 milligrams. A random sample of 44 breakfast sandwiches has a mean sodium content of 925 milligrams. Assume the population standard deviation is 18 milligrams. Use  $\alpha = 0.10$  and rejection regions.