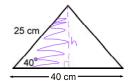
## Notes for page 8.18

## 1. Find the area



- a) First draw the height on triangle and label it, *h*.
- b) Now use TRIG to solve for the height, h.



\*\* Notice that 40 cm is <u>not</u> a side of a right triangle.

$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{h}{25}$$

$$\frac{0.6428}{1}$$
  $\frac{h}{25}$ 

$$h = 25(0.6428)$$

$$h = 16.1 \, cm$$

c) Now find the area of the triangle using h.

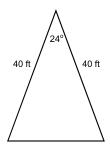
$$A = \frac{1}{2}bb$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

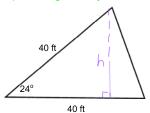
$$A = \frac{1}{2}(40)(16.1)$$

$$A = 322 cm^2$$

## 2. Find the area



a) Turn triangle sideways



- b) Draw height, h, on triangle
- c) Now use TRIG to solve for the height, h.

$$\sin 24^\circ = \frac{h}{40}$$

$$\frac{0.4067}{1}$$
  $\frac{h}{40}$ 

$$h = (0.4067)(40)$$

$$h = 16.3 ft$$

d) Now find the area of the triangle using *h*.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(40)(16.3)$$

$$A = 326 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A = 326 \ ft$$