The following sequences are arithmetic:

d.
$$a_1$$
, $a_1 + d$, $a_1 + 2d$, $a_1 + 3d$, ...

1. List the next three terms of each sequence above and explain what you did to get those terms.

- 2. In your own words, define what an arithmetic sequence is.
- 3. Determine general formula for each sequence that will allow you to find any term (even the 500th term) without listing them all out. In other words, if you want to find the 500th term, you should be able to plug in 500 for your variable and get the answer. Try your idea(s) on the terms listed and make sure it works. Please define any variables you have in your formulas!

$$a_n = 4n-3$$

$$6.00 - 3n + 1$$

an=-4n+14 c)an=10+(n-1)(4) =10+(4n)+4 -4n+14

$$\alpha_n = \alpha_1 + (n-1) \tilde{\alpha}$$

) an=1+(n-1)4 =1+4n-4=4n-3

(Your answer to 3d should be the general formula for finding any term of an arithmetic sequence.)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{find } \text{th} \\ \text{d} = 3 \\ \text{d} = 3$$