

NO WORK = NO CREDIT!!!.....SHOW ALL WORK!

1-4. Solve each of the following equations or inequalities and sketch the solution on a number line.

$$\frac{x+3}{2} = x-4$$

$$1(x+3) = 2(x-4)$$

$$x+3 = 2x-8$$

$$-x \quad -x$$

$$3 = x-8$$

$$+8 \quad +8$$

$$11 = x$$

Solution: $x = 11$

2. $-2 \leq 3x+1 < 13$

$$-1 \quad -1 \quad -1$$

$$\frac{-3 \leq 3x < 12}{3} \quad \frac{3x}{3} \quad \frac{12}{3}$$

$$-1 \leq x < 4$$

Solution: $-1 \leq x < 4$

3. $3(x-2)+5 \geq 7+x$

$$3x-6+5 \geq 7+x$$

$$3x-1 \geq 7+x$$

$$-x \quad -x$$

$$2x-1 \geq 7$$

$$+1 \quad +1$$

$$\frac{2x \geq 8}{2} \quad \frac{8}{2}$$

$$x \geq 4$$

Solution: $x \geq 4$

4. $|x+2|+1 = 3x+2$

$$-1 \quad -1$$

$$|x+2| = 3x+1$$

$$x+2 = 3x+1 \quad \text{or} \quad x+2 = -3x-1$$

$$-x-1 \quad -x-1 \quad \text{or} \quad -x+1 \quad -x+1$$

$$1 = 2x \quad \text{or} \quad 3 = -4x$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = x \quad \text{or} \quad -\frac{3}{4} = x$$

CHECK:

$$|\frac{1}{2}+2|+1 = 3(\frac{1}{2})+2$$

$$|2\frac{1}{2}|+1 = 3\frac{1}{2}+2$$

$$2\frac{1}{2}+1 = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$3\frac{1}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2} \checkmark$$

CHECK:

$$|-\frac{3}{4}+2|+1 = 3(-\frac{3}{4})+2$$

$$|1\frac{1}{4}|+1 = -\frac{9}{4}+2$$

$$1\frac{1}{4}+1 = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$2\frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{4} \text{ NO}$$

Solution: $\frac{1}{2}$

5. Graph the solution to $y-x \leq 2$ and $x-y < 1$

$$+x+x \quad -x \quad -x$$

$$y \leq x+2 \quad \frac{-y < -x+1}{-1} \quad \frac{-1}{-1} = 1$$

$$y > x-1$$

FLIP!

6. Rearrange these quadratic equations into standard form and label a, b, c.

$$3(x-4) = 6x^2 + 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 12 &= 6x^2 + 2 \\ -3x + 12 &\quad -3x + 12 \\ 0 &= 6x^2 - 3x + 14 \end{aligned}$$

$$6x^2 - 3x + 14 = 0$$

$$a = \underline{6} \quad b = \underline{-3} \quad c = \underline{14}$$

7.

$$\frac{7}{3}, \frac{38}{15}, \frac{41}{15}, \dots \rightarrow \frac{35}{15}, \frac{38}{15}, \frac{41}{15}$$

a) Write an explicit formula to describe the above sequence.

$$a_n = \frac{7}{3} + (n-1)\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$$

* adding $\frac{3}{15} = \frac{1}{5}$

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{7}{3} + \frac{1}{5}n - \frac{1}{5} \\ a_n &= \frac{1}{5}n + \frac{32}{15} \end{aligned}$$

b) Write a recursive formula to describe the above sequence.

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + \frac{1}{5}; a_1 = \frac{7}{3}$$

8. Write the equation of the line in STANDARD FORM

Slope: $-\frac{2}{3}$; point $(-4, 7)$

$$\begin{aligned} y - 7 &= -\frac{2}{3}(x + 4) \\ \left(y - 7 = -\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}\right) \cdot 3 \\ 3y - 21 &= -2x - 8 \\ +2x \quad +21 \quad +2x \quad +21 \end{aligned}$$

$$2x + 3y = 13$$

9. Solve the system. Label solution as consistent, inconsistent, dependent and/or independent. (use all that apply).

$$\begin{cases} x - y = 2 \\ x + 2y = -6 \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} x - y &= 2 \\ -x - 2y &= 6 \\ \hline -3y &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x - (-8/3) &= 2 & y &= -8/3 \\ x + 8/3 &= 2 - 8/3 \\ -8/3 & & -8/3 & \end{aligned}$$

$$x = -2/3$$

Solution: $(-2/3, -8/3)$

Description: consistent, independent