## Warm Up Block wk 16

## Simplify.

1. 
$$5\sqrt[3]{56} - 2\sqrt[3]{16} + \sqrt[3]{432}$$

$$10\sqrt[3]{7} + 2\sqrt[3]{2}$$

3. 
$$\left(2\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{2}\right)^2$$

$$38+12\sqrt{10}$$

5. State all possible rational roots.

$$P(x) = x^9 - x^4 + 18$$

$$\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 6, \pm 9, \pm 18$$

2. 
$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{10a^9c^2d^2}{15a^5c^7d^3}}$$
  $a\sqrt[4]{54c^3d^3}$   $3c^2d$ 

$$4. \ \frac{2+3\sqrt{2}}{4-\sqrt{2}}$$

$$1+\sqrt{2}$$

6. Find all zeroes for the function

$$P(x) = 3x^4 - 6x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x$$

$$\left( \overbrace{\left\{0,1,\frac{1\pm\sqrt{13}}{2}\right\}}\right)$$

7. Use long division and synthetic division to find the quotient:

$$(2x^3-5x^2-28x+15)\div(x-3)$$

$$2x^2 + x - 25 - \frac{60}{x - 3}$$

8. Use synthetic division to determine the value of P(-2) when

$$P(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x - 3$$

