

1-6 Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities

Solve and graph each equation on a number line. **Be sure to check your solutions.**

Always check your solutions in the **ORIGINAL** problem

1. $|x| = 2$ **Check**
 $x = 2$ or $x = -2$
 $|2| = 2$
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$
 $|-2| = 2$
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$

2. $|x| = 1$ **Check**
 $x = 1$ or $x = -1$
 $|1| = 1$
 $1 = 1 \checkmark$
 $|-1| = 1$
 $1 = 1 \checkmark$

3. $|x+2| = 5$ **Check**
 $x+2 = 5$ or $x+2 = -5$
 $x = 3$ or $x = -7$
 $|3+2| = 5$
 $5 = 5 \checkmark$
 $|-7+2| = 5$
 $|-5| = 5$
 $5 = 5 \checkmark$

4. $|2x+3| - 1 = 2$
 isolate $| |$ before 2 parts
 $|2x+3| = 3$
 $2x+3 = 3$ or $2x+3 = -3$
 $2x = 0$ or $2x = -6$
 $x = 0$ or $x = -3$
Check
 $|2(0)+3| - 1 = 2$
 $|3-1| = 2$
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$
 $|2(-3)+3| - 1 = 2$
 $|-6+3| - 1 = 2$
 $|-3-1| = 2$
 $|-4| = 2$
 $2 = 2 \checkmark$

5. $-3|x-1| + 5 = 8$ **Check**
 $-3|x-1| = 3$
 $|x-1| = -1$
 absolute value of something cannot be negative!
 Therefore;
NO solution

6. $|x-1| = 5x+10$
 $x-1 = 5x+10$ or $x-1 = -(5x+10)$
 $-x-10 = 5x+10$ or $x-1 = -5x-10$
 $-11 = 4x$ or $6x = -9$
 $x = -\frac{11}{4}$ or $x = -\frac{3}{2}$
Check
 $|-\frac{11}{4} - 1| = 5(-\frac{11}{4}) + 10$
 $|-\frac{15}{4}| = -\frac{55}{4} + 10$
 $\frac{15}{4} = -\frac{15}{4}$ ✗
 so $x = -\frac{11}{4}$ not a solution!

$|-\frac{3}{2} - 1| = 5(-\frac{3}{2}) + 10$
 $|-\frac{5}{2}| = -\frac{15}{2} + 10$
 $\frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \checkmark$
 so $x = -\frac{3}{2}$

1-6 Continued...Absolute Value Inequalities

Solve and graph each inequality on a number line.

1. $|x| > 2$

greater

2. $|x| < 2$

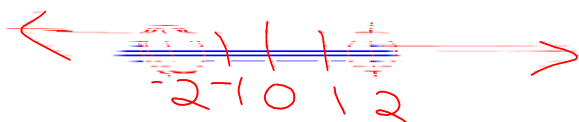
less than

Hmm...what numbers have an absolute value greater than 2? LOTS!!

} Graph 'em!

Hmm...what numbers have an absolute value less than 2? LOTS!!

} Graph 'em!



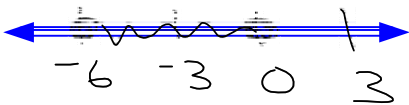
Does this look like an "and" or an "or" graph?

Does this look like an "and" or an "or" graph?

Remember, isolate the absolute value first, **then** decide if it's an "and" or an "or". (Great "or" Less th "and")

3. $|x+3| \leq 3$ AND

$$\begin{array}{r} x+3 \leq 3 \text{ and } x+3 \geq -3 \\ \underline{-3} \quad \underline{-3} \qquad \underline{-3} \quad \underline{-3} \\ x \leq 0 \text{ and } x \geq -6 \end{array}$$



Answer: $-6 \leq x \leq 0$

4. ~~$-2|x-1| < -6$~~

Skipped this one



Answer:

5. $\left| \frac{3-5x}{2} \right| \leq -2$

NOT possible

NO SOLUTION

| cannot be negative



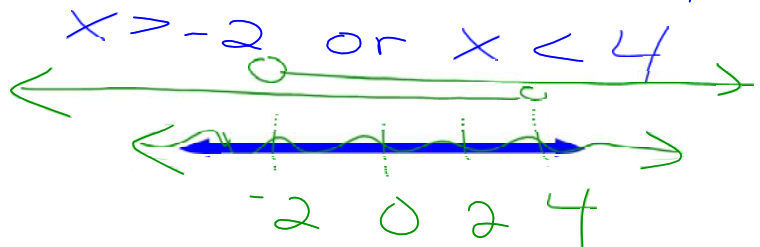
Answer:

6. $14 > -2|x-1| + 8$

Hmmmm.....

$$\begin{array}{r} -2|x-1| + 8 < 14 \\ \underline{-8} \qquad \underline{-8} \\ -2|x-1| < 6 \\ \underline{-2} \qquad \underline{-2} \\ |x-1| > -3 \text{ OR} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x-1 > -3 \text{ or } x-1 < 3 \\ \underline{+1} \quad \underline{+1} \qquad \underline{+1} \quad \underline{+1} \\ x > -2 \text{ or } x < 4 \end{array}$$



Answer: All real numbers



put abs value on left side of inequality

2.1 Functions!

Domain: input

Range: output



What is a function?

A function is a relation that has exactly one y-value for each x-value.

For each relation state the domain, range, and if it is a function (explain how you know).

a) $(3,1), (2,1), (-4,1), (9,0)$

Domain: $\{3, 2, -4, 9\}$

Range: $\{1, 0\}$

Function?? How do you know?

Yes it's a function
every x-value
has exactly
one y-value.

b)

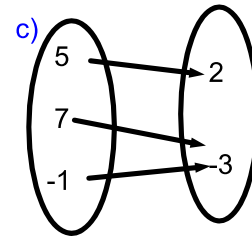
x	y
-2	4
3	3
-7	2
-2	1

Domain: $\{-2, 3, -7\}$

Range: $\{4, 3, 2, 1\}$

Function?? How do you know?

NOT A FUNCTION
because the
x-value, -2, has
two y-values.



Domain: $\{5, 7, -1\}$

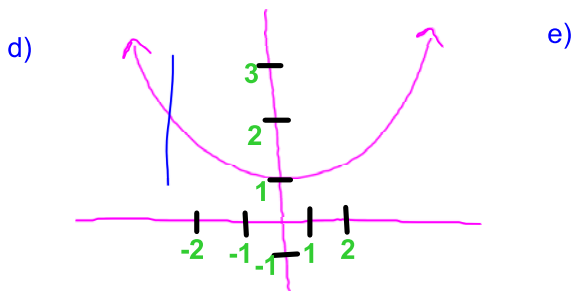
Range: $\{2, -3\}$

Function?? How do you know?

Yes
a function.
Every x-value
has exactly one
y-value.

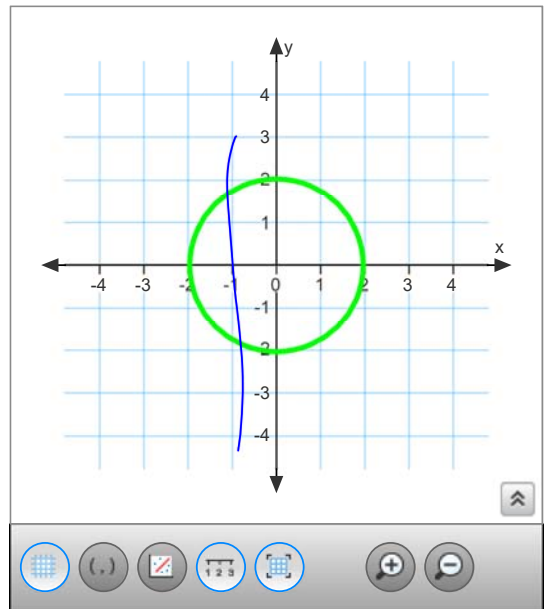
vertical line test

For each relation state the domain, range, and if it is a function (explain how you know).



domain: all real #'s
range: $y \geq 1$

It is a function
because vertical line
only intersects at
one point.



domain: $-2 \leq x \leq 2$
range: $-2 \leq y \leq 2$

It is not a function
because vertical line
intersects in more than
one point.