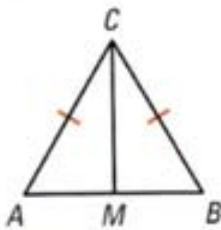
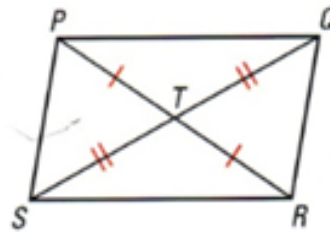


1. **GIVEN** $\triangleright \overline{AC} \cong \overline{BC}$,
 M is the midpoint of \overline{AB} .
PROVE $\triangleright \triangle ACM \cong \triangle BCM$



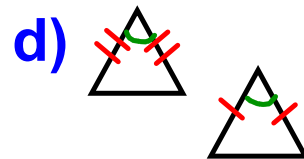
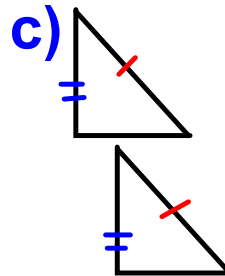
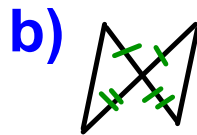
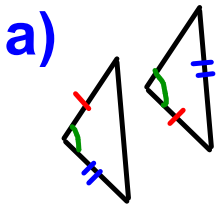
Statements	Reasons
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

2. **GIVEN** $\triangleright \overline{PT} \cong \overline{RT}, \overline{QT} \cong \overline{ST}$
PROVE $\triangleright \triangle PQT \cong \triangle RST$



Statements	Reasons
1.	
2.	
3.	

3. Are the triangles congruent? If so, by what postulate or theorem?



1. In $\triangle DEF$, the side between $\angle D$ and $\angle E$ is _____.
2. In $\triangle XYZ$, the angle included between sides \overline{XY} and \overline{YZ} is _____.
3. If $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle ABC$, then $\angle D \cong$ _____.
4. If $\triangle XYZ \cong \triangle ABC$, then $\overline{YZ} \cong$ _____.
5. In $\triangle XYZ$, if $\overline{XY} \cong \overline{XZ}$, then \angle _____ $\cong \angle$ _____.

Are the two triangles congruent? If so, name the postulate or theorem you could use to prove they are congruent.

