## Using Isosceles Triangle Theorem and its converse.

## Examples

1. Find $x$.


Solution:
The two base angles are congruent since the sides are marked congruent.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+x+42=180 \\
& 2 x+42=180 \\
& 2 x=138 \\
& x=69
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Find $x$.


## Solution:

The two sides across from the base angles are congruent since the base angles are congruent.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x-3=7 \\
& 2 x=10 \\
& x=5
\end{aligned}
$$

