5. Plane M is perpendicular to plane N. Point A lies on Plane M. Point B lies on plane N. Line AB does not lie on either plane.

6. Point P is above plane N. Three lines through P intersect plane N in points A, B, and C.

7. Three planes M, N, and P intersect in line *K*.

8. Three planes M, N, and P intersect in point X.