

Given two ordered pairs, complete the chart.

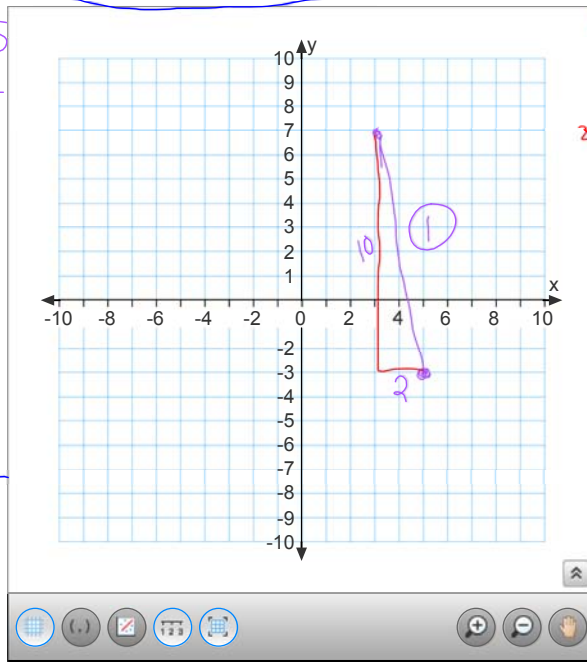
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \text{slope}$$

Opp. rec. slope

Graph do $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$

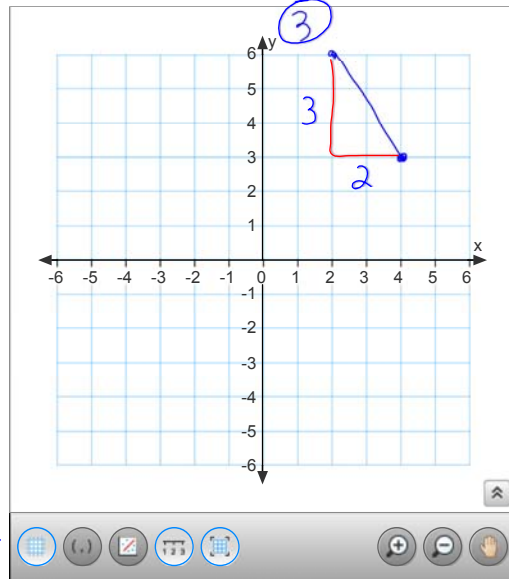
ORDERED PAIRS	SLOPE	SLOPE OF THE PARALLEL LINE	SLOPE OF THE PERPENDICULAR LINE	DISTANCE	MIDPOINT
1. (5, -3) (3, 7)	-5	-5	$\frac{1}{5}$	10.2u	(4, 2)
2. (3, -2) (3, 16)	und.	und.	0	18u	(3, 7)
3. (2, 6) (4, 3)	$-\frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	3.6u	(3, 4.5)

① $m = \frac{7 - (-3)}{3 - 5} = \frac{10}{-2} = -5$
 $2^2 + 10^2 = c^2$
 $4 + 100 = c^2$
 $\sqrt{104} = \sqrt{c^2}$
 10.2u
 $\left(\frac{5+3}{2}, \frac{-3+7}{2}\right)$
 (4, 2)



② (3, -2) (x, y)
 M(3, 7)
 $\frac{3+x}{2} = 3 \Rightarrow 3+x=6 \Rightarrow x=3$
 $\frac{-2+y}{2} = 7 \Rightarrow -2+y=14 \Rightarrow y=16$
 (3, 16)
 $m = \frac{16 - (-2)}{3 - 3} = \frac{18}{0}$
 und.
 slope: opp. reciprocal
 $15 - \frac{0}{18} = 0$
 vertical line
 (3, 16) } 18u dist.
 (3, -2)

③ (2, 6) (4, y)
 $m = -\frac{3}{2}$
 $\frac{y-6}{4-2} = -\frac{3}{2}$
 $\frac{y-6}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$
 $2(y-6) = 2(-3)$
 $2y-12 = -6$
 $2y = 6$
 $y = 3$



dist.:
 $2^2 + 3^2 = c^2$
 $4 + 9 = c^2$
 $\sqrt{13} = \sqrt{c^2}$
 3.6

mdpt:
 $\left(\frac{2+4}{2}, \frac{6+3}{2}\right)$
 (3, 4.5)